

WASHINGTON:

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 9.

## Library Catalogues.

We have received from Professor CHARLES C. JEWETT, assistant secretary and librarian of the Smithsonian Institution, a pamphlet containing "A plan for stereotyping catalogues by separate titles, and for forming a general stereotyped catalogue of public libraries in the United States;" also, "An appendix to the report of the board of agents of the Smithsonian Institution, containing a report of the public libraries of the United States of America, January 1, 1850."

This plan originated with Mr. Jewett, though one similar to it in some respects has, subsequently, been proposed in England, for the library of the British Museum, by Mr. Cooley. It has long been an insuperable difficulty with the directors of large public libraries, which are, of course, constantly increasing in size—that catalogues, printed with great labor and expense, become, in the course of a few years, almost useless for reference, and only serve to show the student what books the library contained at the time of printing, and not what books it may contain at the time of his search; hence, supplements must constantly be issued, making it necessary for the reader to search a great number of catalogues to find whether what he wishes is in the library; or a reprint of the whole catalogue must be made, at a tremendous expense, to keep pace with the rapid increase in the number of books. This increase, as Professor Jewett remarks, though so gratifying on every other account, is the cause of great difficulties in this respect.

The reprint of the catalogues of the great libraries of Europe has at length, from the great number of books and their constant increase, become so exceedingly onerous and expensive, that it has been given up in despair. To one who has not examined this subject, and studied its difficulties, it may seem strange that a work apparently so trifling as the printing of library catalogues should prove so serious; but so it is, and he who invents a plan by which the difficulty can be overcome surely deserves the warmest thanks of all who are interested in whatever concerns the advancement of knowledge. This we think Professor Jewett has done most effectually. The chief obstacle is, that while a catalogue is passing through the press, new books are received, whose titles cannot, in the usual manner of printing, be incorporated in the work. Mr. J.'s method is to stereotype the titles separately, and to preserve the plates or blocks in the alphabetical order of the titles; so as to be able readily to insert additional titles in their proper places, and then to reprint the whole catalogue. Thus the cost of composition, and the cost of revision and correction of the press, would, except for new titles, be avoided.

It is proposed to print, by this method, catalogues of particular libraries, and a central catalogue, under the direction of the Smithsonian Institution, of all the libraries in the country; the Institution to pay the whole extra expense of stereotyping, or such part thereof as may be agreed on; the stereotyped titles to remain its property, and every library uniting in the plan to have the right of using them when desired. The economy and convenience of this plan, in every respect, are plainly shown in the pamphlet by several examples, together with the benefits to be derived by American students from the possession of a general printed catalogue of all the books in the public libraries of the Union; from the great improvement in the arrangement of catalogues, and from a universal catalogue, which might eventually be formed. In America, all libraries are now comparatively small, and it would be easy to put into practical and useful operation this system, which, in a few years, the rapid increase in the number of books will render impossible.

Professor J.'s report on the condition of all the public libraries in this country is very interesting and useful. In consequence of the many difficulties in the way, it is yet somewhat incomplete; but it will no doubt be improved in a future edition.

**THE PRESIDENT'S TRIP TO VIRGINIA.**—The reception of President Fillmore and suite at Winchester, Virginia, on Wednesday evening, was enthusiastic. The President held a levee at the hotel during the evening, where many of the ladies and gentlemen of Winchester had the pleasure of taking him by the hand. Messrs. Conrad and Stuart found themselves at home here being natives of the Valley; Mr. Conrad, indeed, of Frederick county.

The throng that collected in front of the hotel kept up a continuous cheering, and would not be contented until the President made his appearance before them twice, the last time thanking the assembled people for their warm manifestations of regard, and assuring them that he would be happy to address them, had he not previously determined to deliver no speeches during his trip, which was one solely of relaxation from the cares of a public life. He did not wish to be judged by his words, but by his acts. When his brief administration expired, and had become a part of the national history, he asked for nothing more than to be judged by what he had done, and praised or censured accordingly. The President then retired, amidst long and repeated cheers. Messrs. Conrad and Stuart were also called out by the crowd, and made remarks of several minutes' duration, interrupted by frequent applause.

The party left Winchester on Thursday morning for the White Sulphur Springs, stopping at Staunton and one or two other points for a few hours.

**THE DAY CASE.**—There is no verdict yet. The court will open this afternoon to hear any message from the jury; and also to-morrow. It is understood now that there are three parties—two for acquittal, ten probably for murder; and these two and some of the ten willing to render a verdict for manslaughter. This information is of course not to be relied on as certain.

**CORRESPONDENTS.**—Write short articles, and to the point; always give your names to the editors; avoid personality; speak the truth; and be sure to use only one side of your paper.

## The Battle of Manassas.

The following notice has been presented to us for publication:

**NATIVES AND FRIENDS OF IRELAND.**—Our brother in the cause of Freedom, Terence McManus, is now upon our shores, and will visit New York at an early day, to receive the congratulations and hospitality of his friends in that city. Brothers and friends, shall we not—let us not—invite him to the American capital, to receive our congratulations and hospitality?

For his noble struggles in the cause of freedom, and for the sufferings he has endured, let us greet Mr. McManus with a cordial and a hearty welcome. But as the representative of an oppressed, a down-trodden and an injured people, let such a demonstration be made as shall produce its moral effects upon the world. We have no hatred for England, nor for Englishmen; but for English aristocracy, for English cupidity, and for English oppression, we have much. And for the spurious philanthropy that can discern only the wrongs inflicted by other nations, we can entertain no other feeling than that of contempt.

We think the present occasion should be signified by the publication of a work now much needed in our country—a clear, brief, authentic narrative of the present condition of Ireland, of the policy that has led to this condition, and of the means by which Irishmen hope, or rather desire, to redeem her. The American people only need accurate information on these subjects to secure their sympathy and their aid. This beautiful and fruitful island has been favored by Heaven, and the shadow that has been cast over it by those with whom "might is right" should be removed.

**CRIME AND WRETCHEDNESS.**—Look in the large cities for these; and especially where the abject and the guilty are thrown together, as among the immigrants now cast in tens of thousands upon our shores. On Thursday afternoon, in Philadelphia, a house was discovered occupied by five families of the most intemperate, low and degraded wretches; among them a good-looking woman, named Catherine Conner, was in a state of beastly intoxication, having in her arms a small dead child! Coroner Haas investigated the case, and a verdict was rendered "that the child, Bridget Conner, aged two years and six months, came to its death from neglect and intemperance on the part of her parent." The child had been habituated to drinking liquor along with its mother. It was reduced to a mere skeleton, nothing being left but the skin and bone, and covered with vermin. It is said that the woman's husband had deserted her long ago, in consequence of her dissipation, and that this child had been used to excite sympathy while out begging.

In New York, about twelve o'clock on Wednesday night, a woman was found wandering about the streets in a state of intoxication, with a dead child in her arms. She was taken to the station-house, where she was detained until the coroner was notified.

Must such sights as these become familiar to the people of our cities; or can we not avoid it by compelling every vagrant to enter an almshouse or workhouse? It is with these poor creatures every pestilence begins.

**BOOTS AND SHOES.**—In New York there are 71 wholesale shoe stores; 2,170 retail ditto; 1,600 manufacturers including these, which are mostly manufacturers. There are 13,500 men employed at \$2.50 to \$10 per week, and 10,000 women at \$2.50 to \$3.50—total wages \$117,600. The capital employed is \$3,000,000. At wholesale prices, \$152,000 worth are made weekly. The work produced is as follows:

Ladies' fine welted shoes of various kinds . . . 21,500  
Ladies' fine turn around pumps . . . 35,500  
Misses' fine shoes, various kinds . . . 14,500  
Children's . . . 18,500  
Men's fine boots and shoes . . . 10,500

Exhibiting a total of . . . 109,500

This statement (which we condense from the *Evening Post*) does not include the immense amount of boot and shoe work done in places adjacent to the city.

**OHIO.**—The Democrats and Whigs of Ohio have both completed their State tickets. The following are the names of the candidates:

Whig. GOVERNOR. Democratic. Samuel P. Vinton. Reuben Wood.

LIKUT-GOVERNOR. Ephraim R. Ekeley. William Medill.

SUPREME JUDGES. Sherlock J. Andrews. Rufus P. Ranney.

Charles C. Conner. Wm. B. Caldwell.

Peter Odlin. John A. Corwin.

Bellamy Storer. Thomas W. Bartley.

George B. Way. Allen G. Thurman.

**NAMES OF STREETS.**—The systematic mode of designating the streets of Washington, though convenient in the plan of the city, is not the best by any means. Proper names, and the associations connected with them, would prove beneficial. If Eighth street were called *Patent* street, the locality of the Patent Office would soon fix it on the mind. Columbia College might give the name of *College* street to Fourteenth, and thus the location of the College would be readily ascertained, and by its locality the street would in turn be called up. The *7th* would give its name to Second street; *Elliot* to First street; *City Hall* to Four-and-a-half; *Intelligence* to Seventh; *Republic* to Ninth; *Irving* to Twelfth; *Treasury* to Fifteenth; *Lafayette* to Sixteenth; *Van Ness* to Seventeenth, and so on. The preservation of the present names need by no means be interfered with. We think the experience of all who have ever learned the streets of our city, or tried to, will induce them to approve this plan.

**THE TEMPERANCE EXCURSION.**—The young lady of whom we yesterday spoke as having returned to her home very ill, from the effects of fright during the squall on Thursday, has, we are gratified to learn, quite recovered. The presence of Dr. Joseph Walsh, by whom she was attended on board, and subsequently, was a fortunate and gratifying circumstance.

**STOLEN CHICKENS.**—Robert Johnson, a slave, about nineteen years old, was this morning apprehended by Officer Wollard, having in his possession seven chickens in a champagne basket, which he was trying to sell. As he had stolen them, Justice Smith sentenced him to receive twenty lashes.

**GENERAL WOOL.**—As we were sure he would vindicate himself triumphantly. Such charges as that made against him often recoil in an unwelcome manner upon their authors and disseminators.

**ACCIDENT FROM FIRE-ARMS.**—Two sons of T. C. DODD, esq., aged six and eight years, were yesterday somewhat injured by the premature discharge of a piece of gun barrel, about eighteen inches long, which they were using as a piece of miniature ordnance. One of them had his hand slightly injured, and from the thigh of the other Dr. Edlin extracted seven shot which had penetrated to a considerable depth. It is hoped the injuries are not very serious.

**MARRIAGE OF MAJOR G. TOCHMAN AND THE HUNGARIAN HEROINE.**—We are informed that Major Tochman left Washington city yesterday morning for Harper's Ferry, where he was to be married at nine o'clock this morning to Miss Apollonia Jagiella. These distinguished political exiles, we are further informed, were to proceed, after the ceremony, to Shanandoah Springs, accompanied by a party of their friends; and thence to one or two other watering-places, and finally to return to this city about the latter part of this month. We are also informed that they will make Washington their permanent abode, and that Major T. will continue the practice of the legal profession in the Circuit and Supreme Courts of the United States, and in soliciting claims upon Congress and the Departments. May he prove as successful in his suits in all other courts as in that of hymen.

**PUBLIC ADDRESS ON TEMPERANCE.**—A Temperance meeting will be held near the east wing of the Patent Office, at the intersection of G and Seventh streets, to-morrow afternoon, (Sunday,) about half-past four o'clock. Should the weather prove favorable, a highly interesting meeting may be expected, as we are gratified to learn, the public will be addressed by an eloquent speaker—Capt. G. W. Cutter, of Kentucky.

**AN INDIAN REPRESENTATIVE.**—The Rev. SAMUEL BRENTON, of the M. E. Church, (Whig) has been elected to Congress in the Fort Wayne district, over JAMES BORDEN, esq., his Democratic opponent. Andrew J. Harlan was the late member.

**MRS. THOMPSON.**—See her advertisement—has a pleasant residence in a delightful neighborhood.

**TYPOGRAPHICAL.**—The National Typographical Convention, to be held in Baltimore city, on the 12th of September, will doubtless be largely attended by the craft from all parts of the Union. Each society is entitled to five representatives, and a full attendance is urgently desired, as business of great importance to the craft is expected to come before the convention.

**A POLITICAL ANECDOTE.**—The following anecdote of the late Gov. James Barbour, of Virginia, was told us by a gentleman who resides in the Piedmont region. Gov. Barbour was a candidate to represent his county in the State legislature, and was opposed by Thomas Davis. The Governor, in his speech on the hustings, said: "Fellow-citizens, I had the honor to represent my county for several years in the Assembly of Virginia; I was for some years Governor of this ancient and venerable Commonwealth; I was for a considerable time a representative of this district in the Congress of the United States; I had, fellow-citizens, at a subsequent period, the honor to hold a seat in the most august legislative body in the world—the Senate of the United States; at another period, I had the place of Secretary of the War Department in the administration of John Q. Adams, and was afterwards Minister Plenipotentiary and Ambassador Extraordinary near the Court of St. James; and now, fellow-citizens, you may picture to yourselves the humiliation that I feel at finding myself here to-day engaged in a cursed little political contest with Tom Davis!"—*South Side Democrat.*

**FROM THE BALTIMORE AMERICAN.**

**EXECUTION OF AMOS GREEN.**—The negro Amos Green was hung at Elliott's Mills at half-past twelve o'clock yesterday. During the morning he engaged in religious exercises with the Rev. Mr. Carter, and professed to be prepared for the fate which awaited him, and fully resigned; though denying the commission of the crime of which he had been convicted.

**EXECUTION OF THE CORDEN MURDERERS.**—The execution of Taylor, Murphy and Shelton, the parties convicted of the horrible murder of the Corden family, took place yesterday, in the vicinity of Chestertown, between eleven and twelve o'clock. The whole three were placed on the scaffold at once, and after the religious services had concluded, Murphy and Taylor successively declared their innocence, and asserted that their lives had been sworn away. Taylor not only asserted his innocence, but declared that he had not seen Murphy for five years until he met him in jail, and that he had no previous knowledge of Shelton. The latter, who appeared much more depressed than his companions, made no remarks; neither confessing nor denying his guilt. Both Taylor and Murphy, we understand, exhibited a great degree of fortitude.

When the trap fell the noose around Murphy's neck slipped, and he fell to the ground. Though considerably stunned, and his neck lacerated by the rope, the unfortunate man soon recovered his consciousness; and whilst in this awful situation, with the partners of his guilt hanging before his eyes, he persisted in declaring his innocence; and affirmed repeatedly that they were taking the life of an innocent man. After the bodies of Shelton and Taylor had hung a sufficient time they were taken down, and Murphy again mounted the scaffold and endured the penalty of the law.

**Review of the Northern Markets for yesterday.**

Office of the American Telegraph, Aug. 9.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 8, 9 p. m.—Sales of 900 bbls. flour at \$4 for State brands. Rye flour \$3.37 1/2. Sales of corn meal at \$2.31 1/2.

Sales of old Penna. white wheat at 10c, and red at 9c 3/4. Sales of new red at 8c 3/4, and prime new white at 9c. Rye is in demand at 73c 1/4. Sales of old Penna. oats at 5c. Corn steady at 55c 1/2 for mixed, and 61c 1/2 for yellow.

Sales of new mess pork at \$15.50, and prime at \$13.10. Sales of Rio coffee at 50c 1/2. Cane sugar 5c 1/2.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8, 9 p. m.—Sales of 15,000 barrels flour at \$4.50 for Genesee and State brands, and \$4.25 for Erie. Rye flour \$3.50. Corn meal \$2.31 1/2.

Sales of 14,000 bushels wheat at 87c for Ohio white, and 98c for Maryland. Sales of 2000 bushels corn at 5c, for mixed, and 5c 1/2 for yellow. Sales of 4000 bushels rye at 7c. Oats 30c 1/2. Sales of 300 bbls. pork at \$14.87 1/2 for new mess, and \$12.87 1/2 for prime. Mess beef \$5.75 @ \$11.10. Sales of 200 bags Rio coffee at 5c 1/2. Cane sugar 5c 1/2. Whisky 23c 1/2.

ALBANY, Aug. 8.—Wagon price for flour \$4. Receipts very light. We quote good to strictly prime red wheat at 75c 1/2, white 80c 1/2. We notice sales of 1800 bushels white corn at 6c 1/2; yellow may be quoted at 5c 1/2. Oats are scarce and would bring 35c 1/2.

We quote beef at \$2.25 @ \$3.00 per 100 lbs. Live hogs \$3.25 @ \$4.50. Lambs \$2.00 @ \$2.25. Cows and calves \$2.00 @ \$4.50.

Business generally is quiet—money stringent. The banks are discounting very sparingly.—*Gazette of this morning.*

## Gen. Wool Triumphantly Vindicated.

(From the Troy (N.Y.) Whig, August 7.)

"LIBERTY OF CONSCIENCE"—GEN. WOOL.—As an act of justice to the military service, the Secretary of War and myself, I am inclined to notice an article published in the Boston *Atlas* and other papers, headed "Liberty of Conscience—the Secretary of War"—relating to the case of private Duggan of the fourth artillery.

It is not true as asserted by the editor of the *Atlas*, that private Duggan was punished for refusing to attend church, nor is it true that the sentence was set aside by the Secretary of War. For disobedience of orders and leaving his company without permission, he was subjected to the payment of a fine of about five dollars, and this is all the punishment he has received. The following letter to the Secretary, however, exhibits a true history of Duggan's case.

WASHINGTON, July 16th, 1851.

SIR—I have the honor agreeably to your (verbal) request to report my action in the case of Private Duggan, 4th artillery, who was tried at Fort Columbus, by a General Court-martial, ordered by Brevet Brigadier General Walbach. The proceedings of the court were transmitted to General Walbach, who declined acting in the case, and sent them to myself for decision. I returned the proceedings to the General with instructions, in which I observed that inasmuch as Duggan exhibited far more a spirit of insubordination than religious scruples, I thought he deserved punishment. At the same time I suggested that, excepting a fine of five dollars, the sentence be remitted. The General still declined acting in the case, and returned the proceedings to me with a request that I would submit the case to higher authority for decision. This I declined to do, and issued the enclosed order, (which remitted the sentence with the exception of the fine of five dollars;) informing General Walbach by letter that if he desired to have the question settled by higher authority, whether or not a Catholic should attend a Protestant church, on his application I would submit the question. But the case was not one of that character. The punishment indicated was not on account of his religious scruples, but for refusing to apply to his commanding officer for permission to stay away from church, and for leaving his company without permission.

I am, very respectfully, your ob't serv't.  
(Signed) JOHN E. WOOL.

It is proper, however, to remark that previous to receiving the letter of the Secretary of War, dated the 15th of July, that portion also of the sentence imposing a fine of five dollars per month was remitted. By this remission Duggan was subjected only to a fine of five dollars. The following is my reply to the Secretary:

HEADQUARTERS, EASTERN DIVISION,  
Troy, N. Y., July 18, 1851.

SIR: I had the honor this day to receive your communication of the 15th instant. In answer thereto, I would enclose two orders showing my action in the case of private James Duggan, the soldier, I presume, alluded to as having been punished for refusing to go to church. By an examination of the order No. 11. By special order No. 30, you will also observe that I have remitted the residue of his sentence. The only punishment he received was a fine of about five dollars.

I have the honor to be, sir, your ob't serv't.  
(Signed) JOHN E. WOOL.

There was no evidence before the court except the simple declaration of Duggan to one of the witnesses that he was a Catholic. From the testimony of Col. Gardiner, I have no doubt that had Duggan communicated to the Colonel that on account of his religious scruples he could not conscientiously attend a Protestant church, he would have been excused. But this he would not do, and left his company. For this act of disobedience and insubordination, and for nothing else, I approved so much of the sentence as imposed a fine of five dollars.

From the remark of the editor of the *Atlas* upon the letter of the Secretary of War, it might be inferred that the officers of the army as well as myself are intolerant, and would "punish a man for declining to give up to his officers in the army his religious belief." I am gratified to find the editor exhibiting towards the Catholics, and especially to the Irish, those tolerant feelings which no less become his head than his heart. But I yield not to him or any one else in feeling and sympathy for a people who have suffered more from oppression and government than any other on the face of the globe. Far from it. Indeed I would extend to them the fullest extent the guarantees of the Constitution—civil and religious liberty.

JOHN E. WOOL, U. S. A.

## Arrivals at the Principal Hotels.

Up to 12 o'clock, m., to-day.

United States.—E. Lawrence, Savannah, Geo.; E. McCormick, South Carolina; F. L. Kregel, Montgomery co., Md.; W. Flinn, lady, two children and servant, Washington; J. A. Morrison, W. & R. R. Co.; W. C. Hodgkins, Mason, Geo.; B. A. Wise, do; W. H. Lambert, Virginia; Hon. W. P. Mangum and servant, North Carolina.

## MARRIED.

On the 29th ult., by the Rev. T. MYERS, Mr. JAMES BURGESS to Miss SARAH JANE CANNON, all of Washington.

On the 7th instant, by the same, Mr. G. ROSEWAG to Miss ANN P. DORSEY.

## GRAND PLEASURE TRIP TO MR. MARBURY'S WHARF AND MOUNT VERNON.

The *Balmer Throat* COLLEVER, will leave Georgetown at 10, Steamboat Wharf at 10 1/2, Navy Yard at 11 o'clock a. m., on Tuesday, August 12. The boat's gear will land at Potomack, and will return to Georgetown at 10 o'clock a. m. on Wednesday. No pains shall be spared to make the trip agreeable. Should the weather be unfavorable on that day, the trip will be made on the Thursday following.

Fare, round trip, 50 cents. Tickets for a gentleman and two ladies, \$1; children half price. Persons wishing to leave on the 12th inst. can do so; but no one will find a supply of refreshments on the boat.

The boat will arrive in Washington about sunset. Good meals will be on board.

The Fort Washington trip will be on Monday, August 11, Wednesday 13, Friday 15, leaving Steamboat Wharf at 3 1/2 o'clock, Navy Yard 4. Fare, round trip, 25 cents; children half price. These trips have given general satisfaction to the persons that have made them.

Persons wishing to dine on the boat will leave their names to Geo. & Thos. Parker, by 5 o'clock p. m., on Monday.

an 9-SMTU SAM'L GEDNEY, Capt.

## \$5 REWARD.

STOLEN.—A silver bracelet, gilt, set with Turquoise, two Breastpins; one pair of Ear-rings, set with diamonds. To any person who will give information above articles may be offered for sale, and give information to the police, the above reward will be given.

T. O. O. F.—The Members of Washington Lodge, No. 5, are requested to meet at Odd-Fellows Hall, 7th street, to-morrow (Sunday) evening, at 2 o'clock, to attend the funeral of Brother L. VAN ALLEN, late of Liberty Lodge, No. 273, Philadelphia. Members of other Lodges are requested to unite with us on the occasion.

A special meeting of Washington Lodge will also be held at the Hall this evening, at 7 1/2 o'clock, to make arrangements for the funeral.

By order of the N. G. THOS. RICH, Per. Sec.

## PLEASANT BOARDING.

Mrs. Thompson, corner 9th and H streets, has two large and comfortable ROOMS UNFURNISHED.

## RAFFLE FOR A COW.

THE above are notified that the RAFFLE will take place this evening, at 8 o'clock, at Mr. Kelly's Tavern, corner of 8th and 5th streets.

## NEW EDITIONS OF Wood &amp; Bach's.

U. S. Dispensary, 273, perfected 1st of July 1851. For sale, with all other Medical Books, by TAYLOR & MAURY, Bookellers, near 9th st.

## THE UNITED STATES POST-OFFICE.

Guide, price \$1. By Ed Brown, late of the General Post Office.

For sale by TAYLOR & MAURY, Bookellers, near 9th street.

## FOR SALE OR RENT.

TO LET.

I HAVE just completed the block of THREESTORY CARPENTERS' HOUSE, built on lot 10, situated on 6th street, between H and I streets. Two of the lots to let. They contain a large parlor, dining room, kitchen, and four chamber rooms; servants' room, bath room, and six closets; and clothes press on an iron balcony in front, and porches in the rear. There is a cistern for rain-water in the yard, and a pump of pure drinking water at the side of the lot. The house is well attached. To gent and prompt tenants these houses will be rented at \$250 per year.

Inquire of Jas. B. Phillips, next door; or Mr. E. Owen, near Willard's Hotel.

an 9-1538

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## CORN MEAL, Oats, Rye-Chop, Shorts.

BRAND, OAT HAY, &c., can be purchased as cheap and fresh as they can be obtained, at the mill, by calling at 8-1w

LENN'S Feed Store, 12th street, near the Canal.

## COOK WANTED.

Wanted, in a private family from the North, a white girl or woman as COOK, who understands the business, and can cook well recommended. Apply in Missouri avenue, six doors east of 4 1/2 street.

an 8-25

## MRS. ESTHER MOFFETT.

7th street, opposite Odd-Fellows Hall, has received to-day and assortment of Ladies' Cut-puffs, Jersey, Laid Rarings, Velvet Ribbons, Elastic Sleeve-converters, Under-sleeves, &c. Also, English knit Suspender, Mohair Stocks, white and colored Shirts, two rich China tea sets for children. Hampton's Vegetable Tincture kept constantly for sale.

an 4-tr

## WASHING FLUID.

NORTH AMERICAN ELECTRIC WASHING FLUID. Just received, direct from the manufacturers, another supply of this wonder-working Fluid, in bottles and on draught. Price 25 cents a bottle, or 12 1/2 cents per quart. Also just received this day, 32 jars new drop PRUNES, of superior quality, on consignment, which will be sold cheap, to close, by

JAS. T. LLOYD, an 8-tr

## ETHIOPIAN MINSTRELS.

can be supplied with every variety of instruments, such as Banjos, Accordeons, Tambourines, Bones, Castanets, Strings, Flutes, Violins, &c. Amateur Bands furnished out complete, at prices to suit, at HILBURN'S Musical Depot, an 6- south side Pa. av., next to cor. 10th st.

## A BERNETH'S Family Physician.

A ready prescriber in cases of sudden illness, and a Guide to Health, or what to Eat, Drink, and Avoid; by Doctor Culverwell. Price 25 cents.

How to be Happy, an Admirable Essay on Regimen, Expediency, and Mental Government. Price 25 cents.

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and other Diseases of the Chest; with remedies. Price 25 cents.

Hydrophobia; its Origin, Cure and Prevention; with important instructions to every person keeping a dog; by William Osborne, Chemist. Price 25 cents.

TAYLOR & MAURY, Bookellers, Pa. av., near 9th st.

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